

Smart farming

a key to sustainable agriculture

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Received: February, 2024; Accepted: February, 2024; Published: April, 2024

Abstract

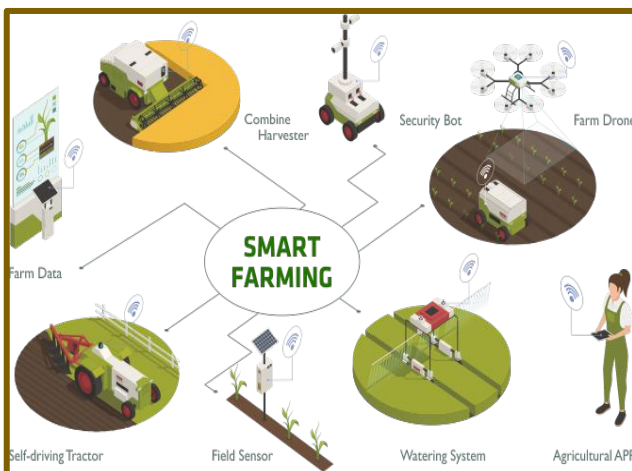
The looming challenge of tripling food production by tomorrow necessitates prioritizing both agricultural sustainability and food security. This compels the global food system to be both resource-efficient and environmentally responsible. As the world population is projected to surge by 34% by 2050, increasing crop yields and optimizing natural resource use become paramount. Climate change further intensifies this pressure,

making the adoption of innovative farming methods an urgent necessity. Smart farming empowers growers to optimize operations and achieve superior results by integrating cutting-edge technologies like drones, AI, big data, IoT, and satellites. This tech-driven approach transforms agriculture into a more cost-effective enterprise, reducing reliance on manual labor, minimizing financial outlays, and boosting production volumes.

Smart farming

Smart farming optimizes human labor while increasing product quantity and quality through the use of contemporary information and

communication technologies. Local farms can reap significant rewards by embracing smart farming practices.



Today's service and technology providers equip growers with a comprehensive toolkit, optimizing every step of the agricultural process. From field monitoring with drones for targeted pesticide application to meticulously controlled greenhouse environments and automated harvesting, these advancements empower growers to achieve peak efficiency. It's important to distinguish this approach from "climate-smart agriculture," which focuses

Smart farming technologies

Smart farming leverages modern information and communication technologies (ICT) to revolutionize agricultural management. This approach aims to achieve a dual benefit: enhancing both the quantity and quality of agricultural products while optimizing human labour requirements. Encompassing a broad spectrum of innovative tools and technological advancements, smart farming empowers growers to streamline their operations and achieve superior outcomes.

- 1. A Smarter Approach:** Machine learning algorithms analyze vast amounts of data to forecast changes in climate, soil conditions, water levels, carbon content, and even predict the spread of diseases and pests. This empowers you to make informed decisions for your farm.
- 2. Real-Time Insights with Smart Sensors:** Dense networks of sophisticated sensors continuously monitor your fields, providing real-time data on even the subtlest changes in environmental conditions and crop health.
- 3. Remote Monitoring with Drones and Satellites:** Drones and high-resolution satellite imagery equip growers with the

Benefits

A surge in IT-enabled tools is transforming Indian agriculture. These tools provide a rich toolbox for farmers, enabling them to improve farm management, monitor crops more effectively, and tackle pests and diseases threat across a wide range of cultivations. Notably, several ICAR institutions have spearheaded the enhanced mobile applications. These user-

solely on weather-driven decision-making in agriculture. The heart of smart farming lies in the high-frequency, high-accuracy collection, analysis, and interpretation of data. This arms farmers with actionable data to optimize their farm management. Swift implementation through robotics and advanced machinery, coupled with real-time feedback mechanisms, ensures optimal impact from every agricultural action.

power to create up-to-date field maps and conduct remote monitoring, eliminating the need for constant physical inspections.

- 4. From Insights to Action:** Imagine farming without the ability to predict future conditions, plan activities strategically, or optimize your business model. Big data makes this a reality of the past. By integrating smart farming practices with big data analysis, you gain the power to make informed long-term decisions while taking immediate action based on real-time insights.
- 5. Unleashing the Power of IoT:** The Internet of Things (IoT) acts as the central nervous system of your smart farm. It seamlessly integrates all your tools and software, enabling them to exchange data and automate actions based on real-time insights. This interconnected ecosystem empowers your devices to work together, optimizing your entire operation.

Smart farming technologies outperform traditional analysis methods by considering a multitude of parameters simultaneously, leading to reduced errors and more informed decisions.

friendly apps cater to field crops, livestock, and horticulture, providing vital functionalities like disease identification, diagnosis, and treatment recommendations.

Thus, advantages of smart farming can be summarised as follows:

- Increasing the amount of real-time data on the crop

- Remote monitoring and controlling of farms
- Controlling water and other natural resources

Challenges

Heavy reliance on machines for applying chemicals can lead to soil degradation, reducing its ability to sustain plant growth.

- Excessive utilization of machines can have an environmental impact.
- It is effective, but has numerous negative impacts.

Conclusion

India presents a fertile ground for digital agriculture, a transformative approach poised to revolutionize the agricultural landscape. Smart farming promises to not only elevate production but also optimize the use of land, water, and

- Improving livestock management
- Accurate evaluation of soil and crops
- Improving agricultural production
- Ecofriendly farming

- Furthermore, the driverless farm machine is a barrier to accessing the technology.
- Improve scouting programmes.
- The robotic machine could not change their culture, so we had to program them manually.
- Most farmers are illiterate, thus they are unable to use modern machinery.

other critical resources. By promoting efficient resource utilization and environmental protection, it emerges as the future of Indian agriculture.