



Going Green in Agriculture

The Efficacy of Natural Pest Repellents

1. Srijal Sahu

Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding (Seed Science and Technology), SHUATS Prayagraj-211007 (U.P)

Email- sahusrijal30@gmail.com

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Introduction

For many years, global agriculture has undergone a sea-change where, farmers and researchers turn to the use of ecologically sound techniques. This movement starts with using bio-based repellants instead of famous and known poisonous pesticides. This necessity for reduction of agro-ecological footprints had led to increased attention to using natural forces against pests. The shifting of paradigm is explained by increasingly established facts about synthetic pesticides that deteriorate soil, pollute water, and harm the other

species threatening diversity and entire ecology as a whole system (Carson, 1962; Pretty, 2005). Human health impacts resulting from the buildup of residues in food crops have additionally brought into the picture a need for environmentally friendly alternatives (Biswas and others, 2019). As for the natural pests' repulsive, there are some alternatives that help overcome the mentioned problems and still keep up the good job of fighting off the bugs in general (Isman, 2006).

Understanding the Need for Change

For several years now, it has been all about conventional pesticides and their strong chemicals fighting off pests in order to help increase production. Though it appears to be an efficient strategy, there is a serious price on the environment associated with this move for any business. Pesticides developed from a wide variety of synthesized chemicals that are conventionally used to treat ecosystem have caused pollution in soil, water, and air. This poses serious ecological concerns since non-targeted organisms such as beneficial insects and wildlife are adversely affected. There is an urgent need for change due to the knowledge that damage from conventional pesticides encompasses not only fields but also the larger environment. These chemicals from agricultural outruns make their way to water bodies such as rivers thereby threatening aquatic existence. Furthermore,

synthetic pesticides remain persistent in soil, leading to soil degradation resulting in loss of fertility to be sustained for longer periods of time.

Thus, there is need to explore alternative models of agriculture in addressing this environmental predicament. The agricultural community, as well as environmental activists, are clamoring for alternative choices to green. Utilizing the natural pesticides is an answer to the ecological crisis and offers a way forward toward the solution for farmers. The adverse impacts to biodiversity and critical pollinators can be limited through choosing eco-options. Furthermore, such choice will ensure a positive balance with nature. It is clear that there is need for change, and the best time is now since we should embrace an environmental friendly agriculture which will not diminish output.

Exploring Natural Pest Repellents

Natural pesticides are becoming more and more popular in sustainable agriculture. With increased concerns regarding the harmful effects which they pose to the environment and human beings, organic substitutes are sought by both farmers and scientists in order to protect their food sources while maintaining the integrity of our planet. Natural pest repellants are attractive, as such, because they can be seen as a way to avoid the use of harmful chemicals. Organic solutions are different from synthetic pesticides which contain residues harmful to the environment. These include several plant derivatives and useful insects that use different methods to eliminate pests. There are quite a number of benefits attached to the use of organic pest

repellents. While chemical pesticides might damage beneficial insects as well as cause environmental concerns, natural methods are usually more specific. There are many methods that could provide a more targeted approach. For example, the release of predatory insects like lady bugs or the use of neem oil would ensure that only the harmful pests are affected and not those that help the plants grow. Moreover, scientific researches show that the efficiency of biological methods is growing. Essential oils of peppermint and citronella have been found potent against insects without damaging crops and environment. The move toward evidence-based practice gives the legitimacy to natural pest repellents within the conventional farming.

There are other elements that are essential to the effectiveness of organic interventions and these include Integrated Pest Management (IPM) alternatives. A system approach of using several types of techniques will help to reduce dependency upon synthetics by farmers. This integrated method helps in reducing pest pressures and enhances long-term soil health as well as crop resistance. Challenges, however,

Benefits Beyond Bugs: The Green Advantage

There are various advantages accrued from going green in agriculture as far as the environment, economy, and the society is concerned. Some of the key advantages of sustainable agriculture include:

- 1. Conserving the environment and preventing pollution:** Sustainable practices will also help farmers minimise their dependence on non-recurring energies, chemicals, and exhaustible resource. Sustainable or green farming has very little effect on the environment as it involves very low volumes of synthetic fertilisers and chemicals which if overused will cause environmental pollution.
- 2. Fostering biodiversity:** The diversity of different plants and animals can be maintained through sustainable agriculture that in return increases the wellness of environment and food safety. This approach ensures equilibrium of plant and animal life in the food chain by maintaining stability and vulnerability.
- 3. Supporting sustainable livestock management:** Healthy foods from healthy animals who have been fed healthily are better for consumers' health, the environment and even the bottom line as they produce less pollution.
- 4. Lowering expenses:** The use of sustainable farming strategies may end up being a money saver in the future whereby

persist in the widespread adoption of natural pest repellents. Issues such as variable efficacy, limited availability, and higher costs compared to conventional pesticides can pose obstacles for some farmers. Overcoming these challenges requires continued research, education, and support to make organic alternatives more accessible and economically viable for agricultural communities.

fewer chemicals and expensive equipment will be required. Likewise, such alternative measures as natural pest control can help to reduce expenses of purchasing insecticides, whereas no-till farming may be viewed as a strategy with the primary purpose of saving money on fuel bills arising from the use of tilling equipment.

- 5. Promoting fair labor practices and equitable distribution:** Equal opportunities and equal rights for farmers have also been a goal of sustainable agriculture thus helping to tackle rural poverty and injustice.
- 6. Building stronger rural communities:** Through such farming methods, farmers can help stimulate the national economy through job creation in the countryside.
- 7. Water conservation:** Efficient irrigation systems, accurate water measurements, recycling water, and capturing rainwater are sustainable agricultural practices that preserve water.
- 8. Soil health and fertility:** Healthy soils and fertility are enhanced in sustainable agriculture through the use of organic manures; soil erosion is minimized, and an intact ecosystem is promoted. Sustainable agriculture offers a wide range of environmental, economic, and health benefits that make it a crucial component of our efforts toward a more sustainable

future. By adopting sustainable farming practices, we can protect our natural resources, build stronger rural

Conclusion

To sum up, the move to promote organic pest killers marks another major step towards environmentally friendly farming methods. Through growing towards a greener tomorrow, we place importance to environmental sustainability, crops endurance, and overall health. Organic alternatives provide some hope to get out of the mess caused by toxic and ecologically

communities, and promote a healthier environment for future generations.

threatening chemicals. In this promising horizon, we should advocate for research, education and availability so that natural pest repellent can be enjoyed in each agriculture spot. In tandem, we plant seeds for a lasting future, nurturing an environmentally aware means of combating pests and fostering a greener and healthy planet.

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